# Bylaws of the <br> Washington Association <br> for Children and Families 

## ARTICLE I: PURPOSE

This association shall be organized and operated exclusively for social welfare purposes. Subject to the limitations stated in these bylaws, the purposes of this association shall be to engage in any lawful activities, none of which are for profit, for which member organizations can operate under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code (or its corresponding future provisions).

This association's primary purpose shall be to bring together in a durable and vibrant alliance organizations and individuals committed to the well-being of children and their families either currently involved with or at risk of future involvement with state agencies such as Department of Social and Health Services, Department of Children Youth \& Families, Department of Commerce and Department of Health in order to carry the following activities and tasks:

1. Gather, analyze, and distribute information on market and policy issues related to children and families engaged with our child and family serving systems and advocate on behalf of the association's members and their clients.
2. Actively and assertively advocate for and promote outcomes that achieve safety, wellbeing, stability and permanency for children and their families on a statewide basis.
3. Create and promote whenever and wherever among the membership feasible, sustainable, equitable and effective collaborations and alliances with other stakeholders such as families and other child advocacy associations and organizations for the purpose of the mutual benefit of all.

## ARTICLE II: MEMBERS

## Section 1.

There shall be three categories of participation in this association that shall be composed of nongovernmental organizations, corporations, legal partnerships, and sole proprietorships that meet the criteria set forth in Section 2.
a. Participation as a full voting Organizational Member: Agencies or entities that have DCYF child welfare contacts including in-home services, child placing agencies, behavioral rehabilitation services and independent living services.
b. Participation as a non-voting Partnering Organization: Agencies or entities whose
primary focus is legislative, administrative, and/or advocacy on behalf of children and families.
c. Participation as a non-voting Supporting Organization: Agencies that support families involved with or at risk of involvement with the child welfare system, whose primary sources of funding are not through DCYF contracts.

## Section 2. Qualifications:

All Members, Partnering Organizations, and Supporting Organizations shall meet the following criteria:
a. Has a primary mission or purpose to provide services to or advocacy on behalf of children and their families who are at risk of involvement or already involved with state child and family service systems.
b. Upholds the principles and values of the Washington Association for Children and Families as outlined herein or subsequently amended.
c. Pays and remains current with annual dues.

## Section 3. Association and Membership Values:

By virtue of a successful application to join the Washington Association for Children and Families, Member organizations, non-voting Partnering Organizations, and non-voting Supporting Organizations pledge to support, uphold and advance the following values in their activities within and outside of the association.
a. Children should be maintained in their families, communities and neighborhoods maintaining cultural, tribal and natural supports whenever possible.
b. The assessment of the needs of children and their families should be professional, thorough and completed at entry into services. Such assessments will always identify strengths as well as needs.
c. Children and families should receive the services they need in a timely and appropriate fashion and in the most appropriate settings.
d. Members shall commit to removing practices and policies that lead to poor outcomes for people of color in the child welfare system. WACF will ensure all policy and advocacy changes have a focus on removing racism. We value providing best practice that promotes improved outcomes for children and youth regardless of their economic status, sexual orientation, gender identity, race, ethnicity, language, or age.
e. Members shall value, respect, and support the continuum of services and the diversity of providers within the membership of the Washington Association for Children and Families.
f. Members shall conduct their business within and outside of WACF ethically and honestly, and shall avoid or fully disclose any potential conflicts of interest.

## Section 4. Voting:

Members in good standing shall be entitled to one vote on all matters for which a membership vote is called for and permitted by the bylaws of this association.

## Section 5. Meetings:

The membership shall meet on a regular basis at times determined by a majority of the members
present at any meeting of the membership, except that there shall be no fewer than two membership meetings annually.

## Section 6. Fiscal and Operational Year:

The association's fiscal year shall begin on July 1st and end on June 30th of each year.

## Section 7. Annual Membership Meeting:

There shall be an annual meeting of the membership to elect members of the board of directors. This meeting shall take place no later than May $31^{\text {st }}$ of each year and the new board of directors will become effective with the first day of the next association year.

## Section 8. Special Meetings:

Special meetings of the membership may be called by the board of directors or by any of the operating divisions via their chairperson or by the request of ten or more members via communication to the board president either in writing or via e-mail.

## Section 9. Termination of Membership:

Membership may be terminated by the board of directors after giving the member at least 15 days written notice by first class mail of the termination and the reasons for the termination, and an opportunity for the member to be heard by the board of directors, orally or in writing, not less than five days before the effective date of the termination. The decision of the board of directors shall be final and shall not be reviewable by any court. Members that wish to voluntarily end their membership may do so at any time by submitting a letter to the board president

## Section 10. Notice of Meeting:

The association shall give notice of all meetings of members in a fair and reasonable manner. The notice shall include the date, time, place, and purposes of the meeting. If it is determined that an electronic vote will be taken, the notice will include the deadline, date, and time.

## Section 11. Quorum and Voting:

The executive director (or his/her designee) of an association member organization has the authority to vote for said organization. Those votes shall constitute a quorum. A majority vote of the members voting is the act of the members, unless these bylaws or the law provide differently. Members may vote by participating in conference calls or electronic voting.

## Section 12. Proxy Voting:

There shall be no voting by proxy.
Section 13. Action by Consent: Any action required by bylaws to be taken by vote of the membership may be taken without a meeting or electronic voting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be taken is signed by all the members.

## ARTICLE III: STRUCTURE

The association and its members shall be organized into four operating divisions. Those divisions are:

1. The Child Placing Agencies (CPA) Division is composed of private, community-based foster care agencies that recruit, license, train and support foster families. Child Placing Agencies work collaboratively with DCYF to ensure timely permanency.
2. The Intensive Services (IS) Division is composed of agencies that provide Behavioral Rehabilitation Services, Crisis Residential Centers, HOPE beds, Regional Assessment Centers, therapeutic foster care and other services designed to serve children, youth, and their families with multidimensional and complex needs.
3. The Family Preservation and Support Services (FPSS) Division is composed of agencies that provide in-home and community-based services to families, with the goal of stabilizing families to prevent children from entering more intensive services, including out-of-home care.
4. The Independent Living (IL) Division is composed of agencies that provide independent living and transitional living services to current and former foster youth which shall prepare youth to live independently by increasing their skills, knowledge and competency.

Each of the aforementioned divisions shall:

1. Elect a chair to represent the division on the board of directors.
2. Elect a vice chair to act on behalf of the chair as appropriate.
3. Annually create and adopt an administrative and legislative public policy agenda and calendar to identify public policy priorities, issues and concerns unique to itself for presentation to the board of directors and/or membership for action.
4. Gather, organize, analyze and distribute information relevant to the division's interests and priorities to other members of the association.
5. Meet on a basis to be determined by those active in the division.

Any association member may participate in any or all of the operating divisions of the association.

## ARTICLE IV: GOVERNANCE

## Section 1. Board of Directors

The Washington Association for Children and Families shall be governed and overseen by the Board of Directors composed of officers, division chairpersons and the immediate past president, who will serve two-year terms. Directors other than the immediate past president shall be selected in the manner set forth below:
a. President: elected by the general membership
b. Vice President Western WA: elected by the general membership
c. Vice President Eastern WA: elected by the general membership
d. Secretary: elected by the general membership
e. Treasurer: elected by the general membership
f. Chair of the CPA Division: elected by the membership of that division
g. Chair of the IS Division: elected by the membership of that division
h. Chair of the FPSS Division: elected by the membership of that division
i. Chair of the IL Division: elected by the membership of that division
j. Immediate past president

## Section 2. Duties of the Board of Directors

The board of directors shall be responsible for the strategic direction of the association, which shall include but not be limited to the follow activities and functions;
a. Hire, evaluate, and terminate employment of the executive director.
b. Establish dues and dues structures and policies and otherwise carry out fiduciary responsibilities for the association's assets, cash and obligations.
c. In collaboration with the executive director, represent the association to state agencies, the governor and the legislature.
d. In collaboration with the executive director, review and distribute any information gathered, analyzed and deemed sufficiently important and necessary by the divisions or committees of the association to the membership.
e. Meet at least six times a year either in person or by electronic conferencing to conduct its business and carry out its fiduciary and governance duties. All such meetings will be open to all members of the association.
f. Keep and record minutes of its meetings and make those records publicly available to the membership.
g. In collaboration with the executive director, create a prioritized annual administrative and legislative public policy agenda and calendar in consultation with the operating divisions.

## ARTICLE V: OFFICERS

## Section 1. Titles:

The Officers of this corporation shall be the President, Vice-Presidents, Secretary, and Treasurer.

## Section 2. Election of Officers:

The general membership shall elect the president, vice presidents, secretary and treasurer to serve two-year terms. Elections for these positions shall be staggered with the elections for president and treasurer occurring in odd numbered years and elections for vice president and secretary occurring in even numbered years. A partial term of one year shall be used whenever necessary to establish or to restore rotation of two-year terms of president, vice- president, treasurer and secretary. An officer may be reelected without limitation on the number of terms served.

## Section 3. Officer Vacancy:

A vacancy of any office shall be filled no later than the second regular meeting of the members following the vacancy.

## Section 4. Other Officers:

The members may elect or appoint other officers, as they deem necessary and desirable. Officers shall hold their offices for such terms and have such authority and perform such duties as shall be determined by the members.

## Section 5. President:

The president shall act as the Chair of the Board. The president shall have any other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the members including but not limited to presiding over board meetings and appointing ad hoc committee chairpersons with the advice and consent of the board. The president shall serve as the Registered Agent for the association and shall serve as the official spokesperson for the association.

## Section 6. Vice-Presidents:

There shall be two Vice Presidents, one representing Eastern Washington (Regions one and two) and one representing Western Washington (Regions three through six).The vice presidents shall chair board meetings in the absence of the president on a rotating basis. The vice-president shall have any other powers and duties as may be determined by the board.

## Section 7. Secretary:

In the absence of the association staff, the secretary shall record the minutes of the board meetings and general membership meetings and shall work with the treasurer in the timely filing of annual reports with the Secretary of State of Washington. The secretary shall perform other duties as may be assigned from time to time by the board of directors.

## Section 8. Treasurer:

The treasurer shall perform all duties incidental to the office and shall receive and present regular reports to the board of directors and the membership.

## ARTICLE VI: DIVISION CHAIRS AND VICE CHAIRS

## Section 1:

The division members shall elect the division chairs and vice chairs to serve two-year terms. Elections for these positions shall be staggered, with the election for the CPA Division and IL Division chairs occurring in odd numbered years and elections for the IS Division and FPSS Division chairs occurring in even numbered years. A partial term of one year shall be used whenever necessary to establish or to restore rotation of two-year terms. A division chair may be reelected without limitation on the number of terms served.

## Section 2. CPA Division Chair:

The CPA Division chair shall organize and preside over meetings of the association members in good standing who volunteer to serve in this operational division of the association. The division chair shall represent the interests, positions and concerns of the CPA Division to the membership and
assure that the work of the division as described in Article III of these bylaws is carried out.

## Section 3. Intensive Services Division Chair:

The Intensive Services Division chair shall organize and preside over meetings of the association members in good standing who volunteer to serve in this operational division of the association. The division chair shall represent the interests, positions and concerns of the Intensive Services Division to the membership and assure that the work of the division as described in Article III of these bylaws is carried out.

## Section 4. FPSS Division Chair:

The FPSS Division chair shall organize and preside over meetings of the association members in good standing who volunteer to serve in this operational division of the association. The division chair shall represent the interests, positions and concerns of the FPSS Division to the membership and assure that the work of the division as described in Article III of these bylaws is carried out.

## Section 5. IL Division Chair:

The IL Division chair shall organize and preside over meetings of the association members in good standing who volunteer to serve in this operational division of the association. The division chair shall represent the interests, positions and concerns of the IL Division to the membership and assure that the work of the division as described in Article III of these bylaws is carried out.

## ARTICLE VII: COMMITTEES

## Section 1. Standing Committees:

Executive Committee: The officers of the association and the immediate past president shall constitute the Executive Committee. The president shall serve as Chair of the Executive Committee. During periods between board meetings and during the existence of an emergency as defined under the Washington Business Corporate Act, the executive committee may, by majority vote, take all such actions that the board is authorized to take and which are not prohibited by law, provided that (1) the executive Committee shall take no action in lieu of board action if it is reasonably practicable to bring such matter before the board for action, and (2) all actions of the executive committee shall be reviewed at the next meeting of the board and are subject to approval, modification, or disapproval by the board.

## Section 2. Ad Hoc Committees:

The Board of Directors shall create as needed ad-hoc time and purpose limited committees of the membership as may be from time to time appropriate. Those ad hoc committees may include but not be limited to the following:
a. Nominating Committee to periodically recruit a slate of officers for election to the Board of Directors.
b. Bylaws Review Committee to periodically review for relevance and currency the bylaws of the association and make recommendations for amendments and changes to the membership of the association.
c. Special Event Committee to plan, develop and implement special events for the association as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Directors.
d. Advocacy Committees for one or more specific issue or task to assure that a specific issue is analyzed appropriately, stated, and presented in whatever forum as may be deemed necessary.

## Section 3. Limitations on the Powers of Committees:

No committee may authorize payment or any part of the income of the association; approve dissolution, merger, or the sale, pledge, or transfer of all or substantially all of the association assets; elect, appoint, or remove officers; or adopt, amend, or repeal the articles, bylaws, or any resolution by the officers.

## ARTICLE VIII: CONFLICTS AND DUALITIES OF INTEREST

In order to promote integrity and effectiveness in the conduct of the association's activities, the association's affirmative policy shall require that all actual or potential conflicts or dualities of interest be disclosed promptly and fully to all necessary parties. The board of directors shall ensure that, at all times, the association maintains a written Conflicts of Interest Policy providing for the affirmative disclosure of actual and potential conflicts of interest, and requiring all directors, committee members, and officers provide written certification as to known conflicts of interest at least annually. The board of directors may further cause the association to adopt and maintain such other written policies, rules and regulations in furtherance of the foregoing as it considers appropriate.

## ARTICLE IX: LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION

## Section 1. Director Liability Limitations:

A director shall have no liability to the association for monetary damages for conduct as a director, except for acts or omissions that involve intentional misconduct by the director, or a knowing violation of law by a director, where the director votes for or assents to a distribution that is unlawful or violates the requirements of these bylaws, or for any transaction from which the director will personally receive a benefit in money, property or services to which the director is not legally entitled. Any repeal or modification of this Article IX shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the association existing at the time of such repeal or modification for or with respect to an act or omission of such director occurring prior to such repeal or modification.

## Section 2. Indemnification.

a. Right to Indemnification. Each person who is or is threatened to be made a party to or is otherwise involved in (including without limitation as a witness) any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was serving at the request of the association as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, whether the basis of such proceeding is alleged action in an official capacity as a director, trustee, officer, employee or agent, shall be indemnified and held harmless by the corporation, to the full extent permitted by applicable law as then in effect, against all expense, liability and loss (including
attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, excise taxes or penalties, and amounts to be paid in settlement) actually and reasonably incurred or suffered by such person in connection therewith, and such indemnification shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, trustee, officer, employee or agent (as applicable) and shall inure to the benefit of his or her heirs, executors and administrators; provided, however, that except as provided in Article IX, Section 2(b) below with respect to the proceedings seeking solely to enforce rights to indemnification, the corporation shall indemnify any such person seeking indemnification in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized by the board of directors of the corporation. The right to indemnification conferred in this Article IX, Section 2(a) shall be a contract right and shall include the right to be paid by the corporation the expenses incurred in defending any such proceedings in advance of its final disposition; provided, however, that the payment of such expenses in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding shall be made only upon delivery to the corporation of an undertaking, by or on behalf of such director or officer is not entitled to be indemnified under this Article IX, Section 2(a) or otherwise.
b. Right of Claimant to Bring Suit. If a claim for which indemnification is required under Article IX, Section 2(a) is not paid in full by the corporation within sixty (60) days after a written claim has been received by the corporation, except in the case of a claim for expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition, in which case the applicable period shall be twenty ( 20 days, the claimant may at any time thereafter bring suit against the corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim and, to the extent successful in whole or in part, the claimant shall be entitled to also be paid the expense of prosecuting such claim. The claimant shall be presumed to be entitled to indemnification under this Article IX upon submission of a written claim (and, in an action brought to enforce a claim for expenses incurred in defending any proceeding in advance of its final disposition, where the required undertaking has been tendered to the association), and thereafter the association shall have the burden of proof to overcome the presumption that the claimant is so entitled. Neither the failure of the association (including its board of directors or independent legal counsel) that the claimant is not entitled to indemnifications or to the reimbursement or advance of such expenses shall be a defense to the action or create a presumption that the claimant is not so entitled.
c. Non-exclusivity of Rights. The right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition conferred in this Article IX shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the Articles, these Bylaws, agreement, or vote of disinterested directors or otherwise.
d. Insurance, Contracts and Funding. The association may maintain insurance at its expense to protect itself and any director, officer, trustee, employee or agent of the association or another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against the expense, liability or loss, whether or not the association would have the power to indemnify such persons against such expense, liability or loss under the Washington Business Corporation Act, as applied to nonprofit corporations. The association may
enter into contracts with any director or officer of the association in furtherance of the provisions of this Article IX and may create a trust fund, grant a security interest or use other means to ensure the payment of such amounts as may be necessary to effect indemnification as provided in this Article IX.
e. Indemnification of Employees and Agents of the Association. The association may, by action of its board of directors, provide indemnification and pay expenses in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding to employees and agents of the association with the same scope and affect as the provisions of this Article IX with respect to the indemnification and advance of expenses to directors and officers of the association or pursuant to rights granted pursuant to, or provided by, the Washington Business Corporation Act, as applied to nonprofit corporations.

## ARTICLE X: CORPORATE ACTS, LOANS AND DEPOSITS

## Section 1. Corporate Acts:

Unless otherwise directed by resolution of the board of directors or by law, all checks, drafts, notes, bonds, bills or exchanges, and orders for the payment of money of the association, and all deeds, mortgages, conveyances, and other written contracts, agreements and instruments to which the association shall be a party, and all assignments or endorsements of stock certificates, registered bonds, or other securities owned by the association shall be signed by the president (or by a subordinate under his or her control to whom he or she has delegated such authority).

## Section 2. Loans:

No indebtedness shall be contracted on behalf of the association and no evidences of such indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the board of directors as provided herein. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

## Section 3. Deposits:

All funds of the association not otherwise employed, or subject to immediate distribution, shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the association in such banks, savings and loans associations, trust companies or other depositories as the board of directors may select.

## Section 4. Books and Records:

The association shall keep its principal or registered office copies of its current articles and these bylaws; correct and adequate records of accounts and finances; minutes of the proceedings of the board of directors, and any minutes that may be maintained by committees of the board; records of the name and address of each director and officer; copies of any application for Internal Revenue Service recognition of the association's status as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), along with information returns (Forms 990) and tax returns (Forms 990-T) filed by the corporation for the prior three taxable years; and such other records as may be necessary or advisable from time to time.

## Section 5. Accounting Year:

The accounting year of the association shall be the twelve months ending June $30^{\text {th }}$ of each
calendar year.

## ARTICLE XI: AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

The members must vote to amend or repeal these bylaws, or to adopt new ones, by a two-thirds vote of members. Prior to adoption of the amendment, each member shall be given notice of the vote date at the last address of record, at least 10 days before the vote occurs. The notice shall include the date, time, and place (if in person) of the meeting, and the notice shall state that the purpose of the vote is a proposed amendment to the bylaws and shall contain a copy of the proposed amendment.

